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#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



#### REGION X

IDAHO OPERATIONS OFFICE **422 WEST WASHINGTON STREET** BOISE, IDAHO 83702

July 15, 1991

#### MEMORANDUM

NPDES Compliance Evaluation Inspection SUBJECT:

Cyprus Thompson Creek Mine, Permit # ID002540-2

FROM:

Donald E. Gibbins, IOO

NPDES Coordinator

TO:

Lisa Macchio, WD-135

Idaho NPDES Compliance Coordinator

THROUGH: Vaughn Blethen, WD-135

Attached for your use and records is the documentation for the above referenced inspection.

If you have any questions or need additional information, do not hesitate to contact me at FTS 554-9505.

Attachment

cc: Cindi Hamiel, WD-135

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FILE NOTE

SUBJECT: NPDES Compliance Evaluation Inspection for

Cyprus Thompson Creek Mine, Permit # ID002540-2

FROM: Donald E. Gibbins, IOO

NPDES Coordinator

On June 11, 1991, I conducted an NPDES compliance evaluation inspection of the Cyprus Thompson Creek Mine. I was assisted on the inspection by Joe Wallace, a new environmental engineer from this office. Joe took the pictures attached at the end of the inspection report. No samples were taken during the inspection. The Mine was represented throughout the inspection by Phillip A. (Bert) Doughty, the supervisor of environmental affairs.

The mine entrance is accessed from U.S. Highway 93 on the Squaw Creek Road, and not on the Thompson Creek Road. After checking in at the guard station, reading a list of safety rules, and signing an acknowledgement of those safety rules, we proceeded to the main office. (All driving on mine property is done on the left side of the road.) At the office, we met Bert Doughty, who took us on a tour of the mine in his vehicle.

This mine is an open pit molybdenum mine which began operation in the early 1980s. Hundreds of feet of overburden must be removed prior to ore excavation. Large waste rock dumps result from this feature. The ore is transported by trucks to a rock crusher near the pit. The crushed ore is transported by an enclosed conveyor nearly one and one-half miles to the mill building. At this location, the ore is crushed to the consistency of fine sand, and molybdenum is removed through a floatation process.

The fluids and spent ore from the flotation process flow by gravity through a pipeline to the tailings pond. The pipeline extends across the top of the tailings pond dam. At equal intervals, the liquid is separated from the spent ore and discharged behind the dam through small pipelines. The solids are deposited on top of the dam which continuously increases the height of the dam. A pump barge in the tailings pond pumps back reclaimed water as needed for the milling process. A pipeline is available to route Bruno Creek around the tailings pond.

We first drove along the conveyor toward the pit, and saw the course crushing operation. Vehicle maintenance, fuel storage, and employee shower buildings were located in this same general area. The above ground storage tanks were diked. We proceeded to the top edge of the waste rock dump in the Pat Hughes Creek basin and could see, at the base of the dump, the temporary discharge pipe from the pit dewatering operation. Further down the valley we could also see the sedimentation pond for discharge 002.

We then drove to the bottom of the pit to observe the dewatering operation. A very small pond was the source for the pumping operation, which was accomplished by two, 300 gpm pumps. Bert Doughty said they were currently pumping for 10 to 12 hours a day. Only one of the pumps was operating while we were there. In last year's inspection report, Gordon Hopson expressed concern about the pH of the pit water, which had gone from pH 7.0 - 7.1 in November, 1989, to 3.3 on May 1, 1990. During that winter, the pit was not dewatered. Photographs taken by Hopson show a large lake at the bottom of the pit during his inspection on May 29, 1990. Doughty said that when water stays in the pit for a period of time, contact with the rock face causes the pH to drop. He also said that if the water is pumped regularly, the pH is not effected. The pH of the water is currently running about 7.0.

Bert Doughty sent me a letter dated May 21, 1991, advising of a problem they had with continuing to pump the pit water to the tailings pond. Because of excessive inventories of molybdenum and a depressed market price, Cyprus decided to shut down the milling process from May 1 to November 1, 1991. During that period, Cyprus will accelerate the stripping of overburden on the northeast face of the pit. With no new tailings to continue increasing the height of the tailings pond dam, Cyprus believes the dam could be over topped. To prevent this from happening, Doughty's letter requests approval to pump the pit water to Pat Hughes Creek which flows through discharge 002. This proposal had been implemented at the time of the inspection.

We continued our tour by observing the waste rock dump in the Buckskin Creek basin. From the top edge of the dump, we could not see the sedimentation pond for discharge 002 because it was obscured by trees, but we could see the approximate location.

We then drove to the tailings pond. The pond water level was high up on the dam, especially on the far side. Without new (wet) tailings being deposited, the top layer of material on the dam had dried out, and a lot of it was blowing away with the gusty winds occurring that day. Below the tailings pond was a small pond to contain seepage from the dam. This pond was equipped with a pump station to return the seepage water to the tailings pond. The water in this pond was rust colored, indicating a pH and metals problem. Bert Doughty said that Cyprus was currently conducting

a study for the Forest Service to evaluate potential problems with acid drainage after the mine project is completed.

Below the seepage pond, we saw the outlet for the seepage pond underdrain system, and the pump station that reclaims the water for use in the milling process. The pump station is equipped with a stand-by generator for operation during power outages. Bert Doughty said that the stand-by system was run on a weekly basis to ensure its operability. The basin that collected the underdrain water had an emergency bypass line which would discharge to Bruno Creek if used. This would be prior to discharge 003. Just below the underdrain pump back system is the outlet for the diverted Bruno Creek

We then proceeded to discharge 003 on Bruno Creek. This sedimentation pond is located near the entrance to the mine property just before the creek discharges to Squaw Creek. Bruno Creek runs along the mine access road for over a mile, and then veers off along a lesser road to the point described in the previous paragraph. The access road is paved with select, crushed waste rock. Several sedimentation ponds are located along the access road on Bruno Creek above the last sedimentation pond and discharge point.

Next we drove to discharges 002 and 003, which are accessed by taking the Thompson Creek Road from U.S. Highway 93. These facilities are similar, with one sedimentation pond and a concrete outlet structure. The outlet structure includes a 90 degree V-notch weir, automatic depth measurement, and a continuous flow recorder. Bert Doughty said that the recorders were checked weekly against a permanent depth gauge mounted on the basin wall. While at discharge 002, we drove up the creek to observe the discharge from the pit dewatering operation. The rocks around the discharge appeared to be more rust colored than the surrounding rocks. This might indicate a depressed pH level in the water being discharged from the pit.

Upon returning to the office, we observed their record keeping system and discussed other checklist items. At the end of these discussions, we completed the inspection and left the mine site. Attached are the inspection checklist with photographs showing most of the items mentioned in this file note.

The only area of concern noted during the inspection was the acceptability of discharging the pit water to Pat Hughes Creek. The week prior to the inspection, I wrote a draft letter for the Regional Office to send in response to the letter from the mine (see page 2, third paragraph), but no response has been made to Cyprus yet.

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EPA NPDES	United States Env						
WEFA NPDES	\				n Report		
	Section A	: National D		stem (			
1 2 5 3 1 0 0 2 5 4		91106		17	Inspection Type	Inspecto 19 R	or Fac Type 2d 2 -
		Remarks	11			Ш	66
Reserved Facility Evaluation Rating 67 69 703	71W	72 <u>N</u>		73	1 1	d	80
Name and Location of Facility Inspected	Sec	tion B: Facil	lity Dat	8	Entry Time S		Permit Effective Date
CYPRUS THOMPSON CREEK CLAYTON, JOANS (IN NE	ARBY MOU	CZNIDIU	)	-	PIBO AM C	J PM	8/1/88 Permit Expiration Date
Name(s) of On-Site Representative(s)		Title(s)			3:20P 6/11/	91	8/Z/93 Phone Nó(s)
PHILLIP A. (BERT) DOUGHT	4	SUPERV	ISOR IFFAI	€N RS	VIRONMENTAL		208-838-2200
Name, Address of Responsible Official		Title			E		
\$		Phone No					Contacted Yes No
		Areas Evalu			SALLES CONTROL - TANK		
	tistactory, M = N	The second second	Unsati		y, N = Not Evaluated) atment	C	Operations & Maintenance
	boratory		N		liance Schedules	N	Sludge Disposal
5 Facility Site Review 5 Eff	fluent/Receivin	Marine Santana	5		Aonitoring Program  dditional sheets if nece	N	Other:
Name(s) and Signature(s) of Inspector(s)	LAnney	/Office/Tele	enhone				Date , /
DONALD E. GIBBINS	EPR	V /TO	0/	20	8-334-950	5	7/10/91
David C. Gibbin							
Signature of Reviewer	Agency	//Office					Date
			\M: 11				
Action Tuken	R	Regulatory C	THE U	se Oni	Date		Compliance Status  Noncompliance  Compliance

#### INSTRUCTIONS

Section A: National Data System Coding (i.e., PCS)

Column 1: Transaction Code: Use N, C, or D for New, Change, or Delete. All inspections will be new unless there is an error in the data entered.

Columns 3-11: NPDES Permit No. Enter the facility's NPDES permit number. (Use the Remarks columns to record the State permit number, if necessary.)

Columns 12-17: Inspection Date. Insert the date entry was made into the facility. Use the year/month/day format (e.g., 82/06/30 = June 30, 1982).

Column 18: Inspection Type. Use one of the codes listed below to describe the type of inspection:

A — Performance Audit

E — Corps of Engrs Inspection S — Compliance Sampling

B — Biomonitoring

L — Enforcement Case Support X — Toxic Sampling

C — Compliance Evaluation

P - Pretreatment

D — Diagnostic

R — Reconnaissance Inspection

Column 19: Inspector Code. Use one of the codes listed below to describe the *lead agency* in the inspection.

C — Contractor or Other Inspectors (Specify in

N — NEIC Inspectors

Remarks columns)

R — EPA Regional Inspector

E — Corps of Engineers

S - State Inspector

J - Joint EPA/State Inspectors-EPA lead

T — Joint State/EPA Inspectors—State lead

Column 20: Facility Type. Use one of the codes below to describe the facility.

- 1 Municipal. Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs) with 1972 Standard Industrial Code (SIC) 4952.
- 2 Industrial. Other than municipal, agricultural, and Federal facilities.
- 3 Agricultural. Facilities classified with 1972 SIC 0111 to 0971.
- 4 Federal. Facilities identified as Federal by the EPA Regional Office.

Columns 21-66: Remarks. These columns are reserved for remarks at the discretion of the Region.

Column 70: Facility Evaluation Rating. Use information gathered during the inspection (regardless of inspection type) to evaluate the quality of the facility self-monitoring program. Grade the program using a scale of 1 to 5 with a score of 5 being used for very reliable self-monitoring programs, 3 being satisfactory, and 1 being used for very unreliable programs.

Column 71: Biomonitoring Information. Enter D for static testing. Enter F for flow through testing. Enter N for no biomonitoring.

Column 72: Quality Assurance Data Inspection. Enter Q if the inspection was conducted as followup on quality assurance sample results. Enter N otherwise.

Columns 73-80: These columns are reserved for regionally defined information.

Section B: Facility Data

This section is self-explanatory.

## Section C: Areas Evaluated During Inspection

Indicate findings (S, M, U, or N) in the appropriate box. Use Section D and additional sheets as necessary. Support the findings, as necessary, in a brief narrative report. Use the headings given on the report form (e.g., Permit, Records/Reports) when discussing the areas evaluated during the inspection. The heading marked "Other" may include activities such as SPCC, BMP's, and multimedia concerns.

## Section D: Summary of Findings/Comments

Briefly summarize the inspection findings. This summary should abstract the pertinent inspection findings, not replace the narrative report. Reference a list of attachments, such as completed checklists taken from the NPDES Compliance Inspection Manuals and pretreatment guidance documents, including effluent data when sampling has been done. Use extra sheets as necessary.

#### A . PERMIT VERIFICATION

Mailing Address:

P.O. Box 62

CLAYTON, IDANO 83227

#### Brief Facility Description:

Molybdenum open pit mine with willing operation. Permitted discharges are three redimentation ponds, two in drainages below warte rock dumps and one in drainage below a tailings pond. No treatment at ponds besides redimentation.

Yes No N/A (Yes) No N/A Yes No N/A Yes No (N/A)

- 1. Inspection observations verify information contained in permit. Current copy of permit on-site. Correct name and mailing address of permittee. Facility as described in permit. Notification given to EPA/State of new, different, or increased discharges. Accurate records of influent volume maintained, when appropriate. Number and location of discharge points as described
- in permit.
- Name and location of receiving waters correct.
- All discharges permitted.
- 10. Federal Construction Grant funds used to build plant.

#### B. RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING EVALUATION

Yes No N/A Yes No N/A

IES NO W/A

Yes No N/A Yes No N/A

Yes No N/A

- Records and reports maintained as required by permit. All required information available, complete, and
- current. Information maintained for 3 years.
- Analytical results consistent with data reported on DMRs.
- Sampling and analyses data adequate and include:
  - Dates, times, and location of sampling
  - Name of individual performing sampling
  - Analytical methods and techniques
  - Results of analyses and calibration d.
  - Dates of analyses e.
  - Name of person performing analyses
  - Instantaneous flow at grab sample stations.
- Monitoring records adequate and include:
  - a. Flow, pH, DO, etc., as required by permit
  - Monitoring charts kept for 3 years Flowmeter calibration records kept.
- Laboratory equipment calibration and maintenance records adequate. pH & typlidity weters

	VER	IFIC	ATION, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING EVALUATION CHECKLIST
		-/1	(Continued)
Yes	No I	NA	8. Plant records* adequate and include:
	No 1		b. "As-built" engineering drawings
	No I	65 MINISTER	c. Schedules and dates of equipment maintenance repairs
Yes	No I	A/A	d. Equipment supplies manual
	No I		e. Equipment data cards.
			* Required only for facilities built with Federal
		1	construction grant funds.
	(	M	9. Pretreatment records adequate and include inventory of industrial waste contributors, including:
Yes	No Y	VA	a. Monitoring data
Yes	No I	A/A	b. Inspection reports
Yes	No I	A/N	c. Compliance status records
Yes	No I	A/N	d. Enforcement actions.

# C. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE STATUS REVIEW

Yes No N/A	1. Permittee is meeting compliance schedule.
	<ol><li>Permittee has obtained necessary approvals to begin construction.</li></ol>
Yes No N/A	3. Financing arrangements complete.
Yes No N/A	4. Contracts for engineering services executed.
Yes No N/A	5. Design plans and specifications completed.
Yes No N/A	6. Construction begun.
Yes No N/A	7. Construction on schedule.
Yes No N/A	8. Equipment acquisition on schedule.
Yes No N/A	9. Construction completed.
Yes No N/A	10. Startup begun.
Yes No N/A	11. Permittee requested an extension of time.
Yes No N/A	12. Permittee met compliance schedule.

#### FACILITY SITE REVIEW CHECKLIST

MOST

FLOW RECORDERS OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EVALUATION SEEPAGE POND UNDER-DRAIN PUMP BACK STATION ONLY Treatment units properly operated and maintained. Yes No N/A Yes/ No N/A Standby power or other equivalent provision provided. Adequate alarm system for power or equipment failures Yes No N/A available. Sludge disposal procedures appropriate: Yes No N/A Disposal of sludge according to regulations Yes No N/A State approval for sludge disposal received. All treatment units, other than backup units, in service. Jedimentation ponds only freatment Yes No N/A Procedures for facility operation and maintenance Yes)No N/A followed. Yes No N/A Sufficient sludge disposed of to maintain treatment process equilibrium. Yes No/N/A Organizational Plan (chart) for operation and maintenance provided. Yes No NA Operating schedules established. 10. Emergency plan for treatment control established. Yes No N/A 11. Maintenance record system exists and includes: Yes No N/A As-built drawings a. Yes No N/A Shop drawings b. c. Construction specifications Yes No N/A Yes No N/A Maintenance history d. Yes No N/A Maintenance costs e. Yes No N/A f. Repair history Yes No N/A Records of equipment repair and timely return to service. Yes No N/A 12. Adequate number of qualified operators on-hand. Yes No N/A 13. Established procedures available for training new operators. Yes No N/A 14. Adequate spare parts and supplies inventory maintained. 15. Instruction files kept for operation and maintenance Yes No (N/A) of each item of major equipment. 16. Operation and maintenance manual available. Yes No N/A Yes No/N/A) 17. Regulatory agency notified of bypassing. (Dates Yes No(N/A) 18. a. Hydraulic overflows and/or organic overloads experienced. Yes No (N/A b. Untreated bypass discharge occurs during power failure. Yes No N/A Untreated overflows occurred since last inspec-C. tion. Reason: Yes No N/A Flows observed in overflow or bypass channels. d. Checking for overflows performed routinely. Yes No N/A Overflows reported to EPA or to the appropriate Yes No N/A State agency as specified in the permit.

for

FACILITY SITE REVIEW CHECKLIST (Continued)

## B. SAFETY EVALUATION

	I V	1	SAL /A		13	
			N/A		1.	Undiked oil/chemical storage tanks used at facility.
			N/A		2.	Up-to-date equipment repair records maintained.
			N/A		3.	Dated tags show out-of-service equipment.
	res	NO	N/A		4.	Routine and preventive maintenance scheduled/performed
			0	6		on time.
	Yes	No	(N/A	r	5.	Personal protective clothing provided (safety
						helmets, ear protectors, goggles, gloves, rubber boots
						with steel toes, eyewashes in labs).
			1		6.	Safety devices readily available:
Ŋ	Yes	No	N/A			a. Fire extinguishers
	Yes	No	N/A			<ul> <li>0xygen deficiency/explosive gas indicator</li> </ul>
	Yes	No	N/A			c. Self-contained breathing apparatus near entrance
	r:					to chlorine room
	Yes	No	N/A			d. Safety harness
ij			N/A			e. First aid kits
			N/A			f. Ladders to enter manholes or wetwells (fiberglass
4		a-ver-2000-03/1				or wooden for electrical work)
,X	Yes	No	N/A			g. Traffic control cones
			N/A			h. Safety buoy at activated sludge plants
			N/A			i. Life preservers for lagoons
1			N/A			j. Fiberglass or wooden ladder for electrical work
			NIA			k. Portable crane/hoist.
			N/A		7.	Plant has general safety structures such as rails
4			,			around or covers over tanks, pits, or wells.
	Yes	No	N/A		8.	Emergency phone numbers listed.
			N/A		9.	Plant is generally clean, free from open trash
1			,		٠.	areas.
1	Yes	No	NLA		10.	Portable hoists, for equipment removal, available.
-	Yes	No/	NID		11	All plant personnel immunized for typhoid and
1	103		11/2			tetanus.
1	Yes)	No	N/A		12	No cross connections exist between a potable water
9	103)	NO	11/ /		16.	supply and nonpotable source.
	Yes	No	N/A	)	13	Gas/explosion controls such as pressure-vacuum relief
-	163	110	11/1		10.	values, no smoking signs, explosimeters, and drip
						traps present near anaerobic digesters, enclosed
1						
1						screening or degritting chambers, and sludge-piping
ł	Noc	No	AL /A		1.4	or gas-piping structures.
	(Yes)	NO	N/A		14.	All electrical circuitry enclosed and identified.  Personnel trained in electrical work to be
9	Tes)	NO	N/A		15.	
1				1	16	performed as well as safety procedures.
ļ	V	41-1			10.	Chlorine safety:
1	Yes		1 60	1		a. NIOSH-approved 30-minute air pack
1	Yes	NO	N/A			<ul> <li>All standing chlorine cylinders chained in</li> </ul>
	v					place
	Yes		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			<ul> <li>All personnel trained in the use of chlorine</li> </ul>
	Yes					d. Chlorine repair kit available
	Yes	No	N/A/			e. Chlorine leak detector tied into plant alarm
			_			system

## FACILITY SITE REVIEW CHECKLIST (Continued)

Yes No N/A Yes No N/A Yes No N/A

Yes No N/A

Yes No N/A

Yes No (N/A

f. Ventilation fan with an outside switch
 g. Posted safety precautions.

17. Facility has complied with the six employer responsibilities for the Worker Right-to-Know Law (P.A. 83-240).

 Emergency Action Plan on file with local fire department and appropriate emergency agency.

19. Laboratory safety devices (eyewash and shower, fume hood, proper labeling and storage, pipette suction bulbs) available.

 Warning signs (no smoking, high voltage, non potable water, chlorine hazard, watch-your-step, and exit) posted.

## PERMITTEE SAMPLING INSPECTION CHECKLIST

#### A. PERMITTEE SAMPLING EVALUATION

Yes No N/A | 1. Samples taken at sites specified in permit.

	Yes) No			2.	Locations adequate for representative samples.
	Yes No	N/A		3.	Flow proportioned samples obtained when required by
	_		)		permit.
1	Yes No	N/A		4.	Sampling and analysis completed on parameters specified
4		16			by permit.
	Yes No	N/A		5.	Sampling and analysis done in frequency specified by
		.,,,,,			permit.
	Yes) No	N/A		6.	Permittee uses method of sample collection required by
9	103/110	11/71		٠.	permit.
-					Required method: Sol
					If not method heins wood in / \ Cook / \ Manual
-					If not, method being used is: ( ) Grab ( ) Manual
				7	composite ( ) Automatic composite
		6	7	7.	Sample collection procedures adequate:
- 1	Yes No				a. Samples refrigerated during compositing
₫	Yes No	N/A			<ul> <li>Proper preservation techniques used</li> </ul>
4	Yes No	N/A			c. Containers and sample holding times before analyses
					conform to 40 CFR Part 136.3
(	Yes No	N/A			d. Samples analyzed in timeframe needed (same day,
I	_				etc.).
1	Yes No	N/A		8.	Monitoring and analyses performed more often than
				1000	required by permit. If so, results reported in
					permittee's self-monitoring report.
1	Yes No	N/A		9.	Samples contain chlorine.
d	Yes No	N/A		-	Contract laboratory used for sample analysis.
1	Yes No		>	11.	POTW collects samples from industrial users in
		.,,,,			pretreatment program.
+		-	_		programe
	111	\ p	3.	KAN	IPLING INSPECTION PROCEDURES AND OBSERVATIONS
	(NA	1 ,		Jones	IL ETHA THOSECTION TROCEDORES AND OBSERVATIONS
-1	Yes No	NIA		1	Grab samples obtained
	Yes No	1			Grab samples obtained.
	162 110	N/A		۷.	Composite sample obtained.
1					Compositing frequency: Preservation:
-	Van Ma	NI/A		2	
1	Yes No			3.	Sample refrigerated during compositing.
-	Yes No			4.	Flow proportioned sample obtained.
1	Yes No			5.	Sample obtained from facility sampling device.
	Yes No			6.	Sample representative of volume and nature of discharge.
	Yes No			7.	Sample split with permittee.
	Yes No			8.	Chain-of-custody procedures employed.
1	Yes No	N/A	ı	9.	Samples collected in accordance with permit.
	Yes No			10.	Excessive foam, grease, floating solids observed at
					the outfall.
1.			- 1		

#### FLOW MEASUREMENT INSPECTION CHECKLIST

#### A. GENERAL

IVas No. N. /A	Defense flor managed devices and and
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>a. Primary flow measuring device properly installed and maintained.</li> </ol>
Yes No N/A	b. Flow measured at each outfall? Number of outfalls?
Yes No N/A	c. Is there a straight length of pipe or channel
Yes No N/A	before and after the flowmeter of at least 5 to 20 diameters?  d. If a magnetic flowmeter is used, are there sources of electric noise in the near vicinity?
Yes No N/A	e. Is the magnetic flowmeter properly grounded?
Yes No (N/A)	f. Is the full pipe requirement met?
Yes No N/A	2. a. Flow records properly kept.
Yes No N/A	b. All charts maintained in a file.
Yes No N/A	c. All calibration data entered into a log book. The
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>Actual discharged flow measured.</li> </ol>
Yes No(N/A)	4. Effluent flow measured after all return lines.
Yes No N/A	<ol><li>Secondary instruments (totalizers, recorders, etc.)</li></ol>
	properly operated and maintained.
Yes No N/A	6. Spare parts stocked.
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>Effluent loadings calculated using effluent flow.</li> </ol>
	DA B. FLUMES
Yes No N/A	1. Flow entering flume reasonably well-distributed

Yes No N/A Yes No N/A

- Cross-sectional velocities at entrance relatively uniform.
- Flume clean and free of debris or deposits.
- All dimensions of flume accurate and level.
- Side walls of flume vertical and smooth.
- Sides of flume throat vertical and parallel.
- 7. Flume head being measured at proper location. Measurement of flume head zeroed to flume crest.
- Flume properly sized to measure range of existing
- 10. Flume operating under free-flow conditions over existing range of flows.

# FLOW MEASUREMENT INSPECTION CHECKLIST (Continued)

## B. FLUMES (Continued)

Yes No N/A	11. Flume submerged under certain flow conditions.
Yes No N/A	12. Flume operation invariably free-flow.
	C. WEIRS  Or reduction invariably free-flow.  C. WEIRS  Or reduction invariably free-flow.
	1. What type of weir is being used? 2
Yes No N/A	2. Weir exactly level.
Yes No N/A	3. Weir plate plumb and its top and edges sharp and clea
Yes No N/A	4. Downstream edge of weir is champered at 45°.
Yes No N/A	5. Free access for air below the nappe of the weir.
Yes No N/A	6. Upstream channel of weir straight for at least
	four times the depth of water level and free from disturbances.
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>Distance from sides of weir to side of channel at least 2H.</li> </ol>
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>Area of approach channel at least (8 x nappe area) for upstream distance of 15H.</li> </ol>
Yes No N/A	9. If not, is velocity of approach too high?
Yes No N/A	10. Head measurements properly made by facility personnel.
Yes No N/A	11. Leakage does not occur around weir.
Yes No N/A	12. Proper flow tables used by facility personnel.
	D. OTHER FLOW DEVICES  1. Type of flowmeter used:
	2. What are the most common problems that the operator has had with the flowmeter?
	3. Measured wastewater flow: mgd; mgd; Recorded flow: mgd; Error %
IYes No N/Al	E. CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE

(	Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>Flow totalizer properly calibrated.</li> </ol>
		2. Frequency of routine inspection by proper operator: /day.
	7	3. Frequency of main/tenance inspections by plant personnel: /year.
(	Yes No N/A	4. Flow meter calibration records kept. Frequency of flow meter calibration: 4/month.
(	Yes No N/A	<ol><li>Flow measurement equipment adequate to handle expected ranges of flow rates.</li></ol>
,	Yes No N/A	6. Calibration Frequency Adequate

## LABORATORY QUALITY ASSURANCE CHECKLIST

A. GENERAL

Yes No N/A | 1. Written laboratory QA manual is available.

#### B. LABORATORY PROCEDURES

Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>EPA-approved analytical testing procedures used and on-hand. (written)</li> </ol>
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>If alternate analytical procedures used, proper approval obtained.</li> </ol>
Yes No N/A	<ol> <li>Calibration and maintenance of instruments and equipment satisfactory.</li> </ol>
Yes No N/A	4. OC procedures used.
Yes No N/A	4. QC procedures used. 5. QC procedures adequate.
	6. Duplicate samples analyzed % of time.
	7. Spiked samples used % of time.
Yes No N/A	8. Commercial laboratory used. Name
	Address
	Contact
	Phone
	Certification #

#### C. LABORATORY FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

Yes No	N/A	1. Proper grade laboratory pure water available for
		specific analysis.
es No	N/A	2. Dry, uncontaminated, compressed air available.
es No	N/A	<ol><li>Fume hood sufficiently ventilated.</li></ol>
es No	N/A	4. Laboratory sufficiently lighted.
es No	N/A	<ol><li>Adequate electrical sources available.</li></ol>
es No	N/A	<ol><li>Instruments/equipment in good condition.</li></ol>
es No	N/A	7. Written requirements for daily operation of
	1	instruments available.
es No	N/A	8. Standards and appropriate blanks available to perform
	1	daily check procedures.
es No	N/A	9. Written troubleshooting procedures for instruments
		available.
es No	N/A	10. Schedule for required maintenance exists.
es No	N/A	11. Proper volumetric glassware used.
es No	N/A	12. Glassware properly cleaned.
es No	N/A	13. Standard reagents and solvents properly stored.
es No	N/A	14. Working standards frequently checked.
es No	N/A	15. Standards discarded after recommended shelf-life
	1	has expired.
es No	N/A	16. Background reagents and solvents run with every
	)	series of samples.